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LAUNDRY LINEN RENTAL OPERATION PLANNING WITH RFID TECHNOLOGY AT PT. THINK CLEAN LAUNDRY

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Abstract

This study aims to examine the application of Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) technology in the laundry and linen rental services offered by PT. Think Clean Laundry. The use of RFID is explored as a solution to improve inventory management efficiency and reduce errors in recording, particularly for clients in hospitals, hotels, industries, and transportation. The research employs qualitative methods, focusing on in-depth understanding and analysis of the phenomenon. Data was gathered through observation and interviews to understand the implementation of RFID technology in linen tracking and operational procedures. The results indicate that RFID technology significantly accelerates laundry processes, minimizes the risk of lost items, and improves service quality by enabling real-time tracking and inventory control. Moreover, the company's adherence to Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) ensures high-quality service, timely pick-up and delivery, and optimal linen stock management, ultimately leading to increased customer satisfaction. In conclusion, the study confirms that RFID technology in laundry services enhances operational efficiency and customer satisfaction. The implications suggest that other businesses in the laundry sector could benefit from adopting RFID to streamline their operations, reduce human errors, and stay competitive in a technology-driven industry.

Keywords: RFID, Operational Planning

Introduction

PT. Think Clean Laundry is a trusted linen and laundry rental service provider. With a commitment to provide the best solution for customer cleanliness and comfort needs. With the company's vision of becoming a leading innovative and technological laundry and linen rental service provider in the industry with reliable, professional and environmentally friendly resources (Niu & Zhou, 2018). And the company's mission is to Present laundry and linen rental services that make it easy for customers to manage their laundry needs efficiently, Integrate RFID technology to manage linen inventory efficiently, minimize the risk of loss and increase linen availability, Establish close partnerships with customers to improve service availability, and support mutual growth, Continue to innovate in technology and laundry processes to improve efficiency and reduce environmental impact (Nnakwu & Borlund, 2017), Responsive to customer needs and committed to providing a satisfying customer experience, Become a linen provider that has high quantity and quality according to customer expectations (Holopainen, 2017). From the vision and mission in line with the company's services that provide various types of quality linen, including bed sheets, towels, and uniforms, etc. for hospitals, hotels, manufacturing, and transportation accompanied by RFID Technology. PT.Think Clean

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Laundry serves convenient pick-up and delivery, ensuring linen arrives on time. The implementation of RFID linen rental laundry services can be done with a cooperation contract with customers so that customers are easy in operating the use of linen that is ready and clean and meets the number of 3 par needs. Linen and clothing will be processed using the best technology and cleaning materials, with attention to detail to maintain quality. After the washing process, each item will be checked and neatly packed before being returned to the customer. In washing using environmentally friendly products and efficient practices to reduce environmental impact. PT. Think Clean Laundry will be opened in areas near the Bekasi Regency industrial area (Cikarang, MM 2100 and other industrial areas) which are central areas Bekasi Regency industry with a land area of 1200M and a building area of 750M. PT. Think Clean Laundry also processes its waste with the Biotechno IPAL system (Shin & Eksioglu, 2014). In the linen washing process, a clear production process flow is required starting from picking up and receiving linen, sorting linen, disinfecting linen, washing, drying, ironing, folding and packing to shipping. In carrying out the production process, it must be effective and efficient so that the results of PT. Think Clean Laundry's linen washing get good quality, namely clean, fragrant, stain-free, and not torn. In line with the vision of PT. Think Clean Laundry to become an innovative and leading laundry and linen rental service provider in the industry by empowering reliable employees, optimizing facilities, and connecting linen to create a clean, efficient, and high-quality environment.

Stages Establishment Business

For start a business, so businessman must look for form business Which will in established, the form of the laundry business is a Limited Liability Company (PT), with the name PT. Think Clean Laundry. The establishment of this limited liability company began with the creation of a Deed company establishment before a Notary in accordance with the Laws of the Republic of Indonesia Number 40 of 2007. In addition to making a company deed of establishment, it is necessary to take care of permits required to carry out activities *RFID Linen Rental and Laundry* business (Niu & Zhou, 2018) (Greshko & Kharabara, 2017).

Licensing Which must taken care of grouped become 2 part, that is permission company and operational permits required by PT. Think Clean Laundry in the linen rental laundry service business. To start a business, in addition to licensing, it is also necessary to do preparation before start activity wash linen that is find land and build buildings For carry out linen washing management activities and so on. (see table 6.1)

	Table 1. Timeline Establishment PT. Think Clean Laundry														
NO	Item	Ti	me l	Line	Tin	ne/n	nont	h							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10				
1	Factory search														
2	Factory Purchase														
3	Business licensing														
4	Factory renovation														
5	Preparation of production site														
6	Purchase of Tools														
7	Employee recruitment														
8	Training														
9	Distributor search		•		•		•								
10	Fleet Purchase	·	•	·	•	·	•	·	·						

Operation Goals and Objectives

Shor	t Term Goals and Objectives	ational Goals and Objectives
No.	Objective Objectives	Target
1.	100% RFID tags are equipped	Integrating RFID technology to efficiently manage
	with a chip containing a unique	linen inventory, minimizing the risk of loss and
	number that cannot be	increasing linen availability.
	duplicated.	
2.	Have Standard Operating	To be a linen provider that has high quality and
	Procedures (SOP)	environmentally friendly raw materials according to
		customer expectations.
3.	Improve laundry quality, create	Establishing cooperation with Hospital, Hotel,
	laundry quality and apply it to	Transportation relations, manufacturing, and industry
	customer laundry to increase	in Jabodetabek (estimated 15 customers in a year)
	customer satisfaction.	
4.	Ensuring linen stock supplies	Providing linen stock according to customer needs of
	are met	30 pieces (1 customer needs 3 pieces)
5.	Ensure timely pick-up and	Providing operational vehicles for <i>pick-up and</i>
	delivery of linen to customers	delivery while paying attention to regular maintenance
Med	ium Term Goals and Objectives	for operational vehicles.
No.	Objective	Target
1.	Adding production equipment	Increase customer satisfaction so that we can expand
	such as washing machines and	cooperation with Hospital and Hotel relations.
	dryers	Transportation, manufacturing and industry in
		Jabodetabek (estimated 25 customers in a year)
2.	Monitoring and evaluation of	Minimize calculation costs, calculation time, and
	SOP implementation	calculation errors with an accuracy level of 99 % and
	-	carry out regular maintenance for machines,
		production equipment and operational vehicles, as
		well as replacing spare parts (if necessary)
3.	Ensuring linen stock supplies	Providing linen stock according to customer needs of
	are met	75 pieces (1 customer needs 3 pieces)
4.	Adding operational cars for <i>pick</i>	Opening <i>drop points</i> in Jakarta and Tangerang areas
	up and delivery services	
5.	Providing the best service to	Conducting surveys on how customers behave in
	ensure customer retention	various types of environments, making it easier to
Lone	g Term Goals and Objectives	provide services to all customers.
No.	Objective	Target
1.	Review and develop SOPs in	Rejuvenating RFID chips and linen that is no longer
1.	accordance with conditions and	suitable for use, rejuvenating machines, production
	regulations.	equipment and operational vehicles
2.	Providing the best service to	Maintaining and improving the quality of linen
	ensure customer retention	washing
3.	Ensuring linen stock supplies	Providing linen stock according to customer needs of
	are met	150 pieces (1 customer needs 3 pieces)
4.	Extending permits related to	Maintaining the sustainability of company operations
	factory operations	and customer trust
5.	Increase operational service	Opening new branches outside Jabodetabek (Bandung
	capacity to meet more customer	and Majalengka)
	needs	

Research Method

This study uses a qualitative method (Flick, 2022). Qualitative methods are scientific approaches that aim to understand the meaning, interpretation, and context of the phenomena being studied. This approach emphasizes in-depth description, understanding, and analysis that focuses on qualitative rather than quantitative aspects.

Product Design

Product design is the process of designing a product including physical and functional aspects to be sold by a business to its customers. Product design follows digital technology, namely linen equipped with RFID. RFID technology is used to make it easier for customers to calculate and minimize losses (Nugroho et al., 2023). Digital technology is used to increase the productivity of employees or members of the organization. When compared to working manually, the use of digital technology is considered more efficient and effective. The data and information produced are very accurate because they can be used for analysis and decision making quickly and precisely.

A digital culture enables members and the organizations that support them to grow, develop and innovate quickly, and adapt to meet the needs of their customers (Wahyuningtias & Nugroho, 2023) (Rahmat et al., 2019). The design of linen products is made of good, soft and thick materials accompanied by RFID technology. The material of linen is durable and not easily torn, the color does not fade quickly. The washing results are also clean and of high quality. Each linen has an RFID tag so that it makes it easier to count and minimize the loss of linen. Linen with this RFID tag is one of the technologies used to make it easier for customers to count and minimize loss. With RFID technology, it will attract customers to use linen with the chip because it makes it easier for daily operations with customers. According to (Fadlilah, 2019) When technology is easy to use, users will feel more comfortable and want to use the system, in contrast to when technology is difficult to use, users will feel reluctant to use the system.

Channel Process Production

Following is channel process linen washing:

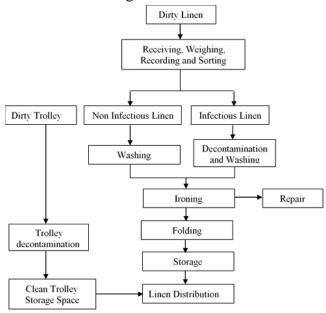


Figure 1. Channel Process Linen Washing

The washing process begins with the preparation stage (planning), namely determining the amount of linen to be washed on that day, preparing the detergent ingredients and the amount needed, and arranging the workforce that will handle this process. The next stage is washing, starting from receiving dirty linen, separating it by name in a plastic bag, weighing, and disinfecting infectious linen. Non-infectious linen goes directly into the washing process using a washing machine that has been prepared, followed by the drying stage. Disinfected linen is also dried. After being clean and dry, both infectious and non-infectious linen go into the ironing, packing, and counting stages. Finally, the linen is stored in a storage cabinet with clean room conditions, a temperature of 22°C–27°C, and a humidity of 45%–75%.

Flow of Goods/Services

The following is the flow of goods and services at PT. Think Clean Laundry:

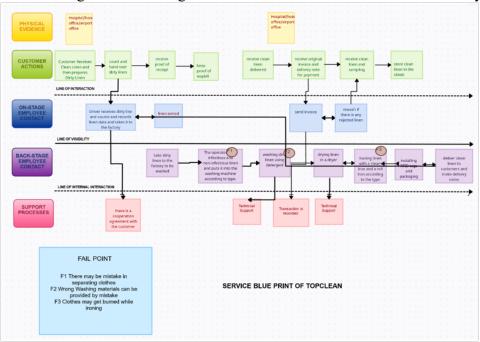


Figure 2. Service Blueprint

The production process begins when the linen is sent by the supplier to PT Think Clean Laundry. After arriving, the linen will go through a quality check to ensure that it meets the standards set. Service quality is essential in order to grow and survive as a service provider organization must be able to provide quality services and have high value for customers, to meet customer needs and be able to provide better services than competitors (Hadi & Indradewa, 2019). After meeting the requirements, the linen will be stored in the warehouse. When the washing is about to begin, the linen is taken from the warehouse and washed. After the washing is complete, a quality control is carried out which includes cleanliness, odorless, and free from damage. The linen is then packed and stored in the clean linen warehouse before being distributed to customers according to orders. After the delivery is complete, the dirty linen collection process will be carried out if there is any the next day. Dirty linen is transported in a closed vehicle, then weighed and separated between infectious and non-infectious. The process continues with washing, drying, ironing, packing, and re-storing in the clean linen warehouse, followed by checking the quantity and suitability before being sent back to the customer.

Process Technology

The product is designed using high-quality materials that are soft and have long-lasting colors. Linen produced to order will be equipped with logos and RFID tags. The superior quality of linen will provide comfort when used by consumers. RFID will make it easier to count linen and reduce the risk of loss. RFID technology will also speed up the process of picking up dirty linen from customers and increase operational efficiency.

Management Chain Supply

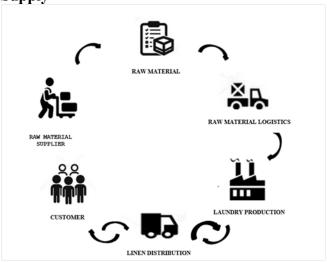


Figure 3. Management Chain Supply

Operational management, quality and supply chain are needed in realizing a plan (Sitanggang et al., 2023) (Hugos, 2024) From Figure 6.12 it can be seen that the raw material supply chain is an important thing in production, where cheap raw materials and good quality will determine the price product and quality of a product. The source of raw materials for PT. Think Clean Laundry comes from local production, so it is easily available at an affordable price.

To anticipate the shortage of raw materials, PT. Think Clean Laundry will purchase raw materials. from several *suppliers*, not only depending on one *supplier*. PT. Think Clean Laundry has a cooperation agreement with *suppliers* so that the price of raw materials is stable. Washing linen rental produced by PT. Think Clean Laundry is the result of cooperation between several industrial customers in the Cikarang and Jabodetabek areas.

Tal	ble	3.	Sm	nn	liers
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No	Supplier Type	Supplier Name
1	Linen Fabric	1. PT. Panca Textile
		2. PT. H89 Jakarta
		3. PT. Moiztex
		4. PT. Buana Talimas Textile
		5. PT. Mitra Mulia Textile
2	Chemical	1. PT. Freshlab
		2. PT. Chalisa Detergent And Chem Laundry
		3. PT. Laundry Fragrance Center
		4. PT. PT. Hikam Jaya Abadi
		5. PT. Anugrah Cemerlang

Planning and Inventory Control

All production materials of PT. Think Clean Laundry come from local production, so that inventory planning and control can be done easily. To anticipate the shortage of linen and chemicals, so done monitoring *fast-moving* and *slow moving* raw materials. For *fast moving* raw material inventory, inventory control is carried out every 2 (two) weeks, while for *slow moving* raw material inventory, inventory control is carried out every 1 (one) month.

Management Quality

PT. Think Clean Laundry follows ISO 9001: 2015 quality management (quality management) quality production). According to (Basu, 2014) (Hidayat et al., 2024) Quality management is done in several ways. There are 3 things that are calculated quality in service delivery, namely product quality, infrastructure and facility quality, customer service quality is measured using a survey. In carrying out quality management PT. Think Clean Laundry, production linen start with linen quality testing received by PT. Think Clean Laundry, and test results production *quality control* with conduct sampling and swab testing of linen in accredited and registered laboratories. Linen materials purchased and received by PT. Think Clean Laundry must comply with SNI standards. Wastewater from laundry production will be processed in the Wastewater Treatment Plant (IPAL) and before being discharged into the environment, samples will be taken to be tested in the laboratory once a month, so that it is safe and does not pollute the environment.

Operational Cost Projection

PT. Think Clean Laundry's operational costs are divided into 3 parts, namely preoperation costs operational, cost asset, and cost operational. Cost asset consists of office asset costs and production asset costs.

Table 4. Costs Pre-operational

	Table 4. Costs TTe operational	
No	o.Cost Pre-operational	Total (Rp.)
1	Building Purchase	1,850,000,000
2	Renovation Building	50 0,000,000
3	Procurement of wastewater treatment plant	300,000,000
4	Licensing	65,000,000
To	otal Cost Pre-operative	2,715,000,000

Before starting a business, the company must prepare pre-operational costs to prepare the office and warehouse, which should use its own property. This property will be used for operational activities and office activities. In addition, the company also needs to take care of permits related to company permits and operational permits.

No	Item Year 0		r 0	Year 1				Yea	r 2	Year 3				Yea	ar 4	Year 5		r 5	
NO	item	Qtq	Harga	Jumlah	Qtq	Price	Amount	Qtq	Price	Amount	Qtq	Price	Amount	Qtq	Price	Amount	Qtq	Price	Amount
1	Washing machine	2	123.000.000	246.000.000							1	123.000.000	123.000.000						
2	Drying Machines	2	25.000.000	50.000.000							1	25.000.000	25.000.000						
3	Decontamination Machines	1	85.000.000	85.000.000															
4	Roll Linen Ironing Machine	1	95.000.000	95,000,000				П											
5	Steam Iron	2	3.700.000	7.400.000							2	3.700.000	7.400.000						
6	Large Shelves	2	2.160.000	4.320.000							2	2.160.000	4.320.000				1	2.160.000	2.160.000
	Computers	1	6.000.000	6.000.000	1	6.000.000	6.000.000												
8	Printer	1	2.000.000	2.000.000	1	2.000.000	2.000.000												
9	Packing Tables	1	3.000.000	3.000.000							1	3.000.000	3.000.000						
10	RFID System Tools	2	33.000.000	66,000,000															
11	RFID Scanner Tool	2	1.700.000	3,400,000															
12	RFID Tags	375	1.248.000	468.000.000				38	1.248.000	47.424.000	56	1.248.000	69.888.000	75	1.248.000	93,600,000	94	1.248.000	117.312.000
13	Scales	2	2.200.000	4.400.000															
14	Generators	1	180.000.000	180.000.000				П											
15	Water Pumps	1	20.000.000	20.000.000															
16	Operational Vehicles	1	200.000.000	200.000.000															
17	Box Vehicles	1	250.000.000	250.000.000							1	200.000.000	200.000.000						
18	Office Desks	2	400.000	800.000															
19	Meeting Tables	1	1.000.000	1.000.000															
20	Operator Seats	4	100.000	400.000	6	100.000	600.000				2	100.000	200.000				2	100.000	200.000
21	Office Chair	6	400.000	2.400.000	4	400.000	1.600.000												
22	Gloves	10	25.000	250.000							2	25.000	50.000	2	25.000	50.000	3	25.000	75.000
23	Appron	10	95.000	950.000							2	95.000	190.000	2	95.000	190.000	3	95.000	285.000
24	Helmets	3	65.000	195.000															
25	Boots	10	75.000	750.000							2	75.000	150.000	2	75.000	150.000	3	75.000	225.000
26	Masks	3	150.000	450.000															
	Hydrant Boxes	2	2.500.000	5.000.000															
	APAR (3 kg)	5	345.000	1.725.000															
29	50 liter trash bins	3	300.000	900.000															
30	Trash Cans 25 liters	10	130.000	1,300,000															
	Total			1.706.640.000			10.200.000			47.424.000			433.198.000			93.990.000			120.257.000

Figure 4. Asset Procurement Costs

Before a activity business production done, naturally need do a number of preparation, especially preparation equipment office And equipment production And equipment supporters such as fleets, production support facilities and so on. then the company need emit funds investment beginning, For needs office And equipment production.

Biaya Operasional		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Total
Operational Costs Building Maintenance	Rp	48.000.000	52.800.000	57.600.000	62.400.000	67.200.000	288.000.000
Machine Maintenance	Rp	60.000.000	63.000.000	90.000.000	90.000.000	120.000.000	423.000.000
Electricity & Air Solar	Rp	132.000.000	145.200.000	160.440.000	172.640.000	182.740.000	793.020.000
Generator	Rp	30.000.000	50.000.000	60.000.000	60.000.000	60.000.000	260.000.000
Stationery	Rp	21.600.000	23.760.000	25.920.000	28.080.000	30.240.000	129.600.000
Telephone and Internet	Rp	12.000.000	13.200.000	14.400.000	15.600.000	16.800.000	72.000.000
Vehicles (BBM and Service)	Rp	24.000.000	26.400.000	43.200.000	43.200.000	48.000.000	184.800.000
Research and Development Costs	Rp	12.000.000	12.000.000	15.000.000	22.500.000	33.750.000	95.250.000
Riset and Development Cost	Rp	23.000.000	25.300.000	27.600.000	29.900.000	32.200.000	138.000.000
Insurance (Operational Vehicles and Box Ca	Rp	15.000.000	16.500.000	30.000.000	30.000.000	37.500.000	129.000.000
Insurance (Fire and Natural Disasters)	Rp	30.000.000	33.000.000	36.000.000	40.000.000	46.100.000	185.100.000
Other Costs	Rp	36.000.000	39.600.000	43.200.000	46.800.000	50.400.000	216.000.000
Total Operational Costs	Rp	443.600.000	500.760.000	603.360.000	641.120.000	724.930.000	2.913.770.000

Figure 5. Operating Costs

Description	Unit	Price		Year 0		Year 1		Year 2		Year 3		Year 4		Year 5		Total	
Description	Oilit	File	Qty	Amount													
Laundry Disinfectant	Jerry Can (25 liters)	740.000			60	44.400.000	66	49.617.000	69	51.837.000	72	54.057.000	75	56.277.000	342	256.188.000	
Bleaching/Whitening	Jerry Can (25 liters)	310.000			36	11.160.000	40	12.601.500	41	13.159.500	43	13.717.500	45	14.275.500	205	64.914.000	
Blood Stain Remover	Jerry Can (25 liters)	740.000			24	17.760.000	26	20.313.000	28	21.201.000	29	22.089.000	30	22.977.000	137	104.340.000	
Neutralizer/Sour	Jerry Can (25 liters)	740.000			36	26.640.000	40	30.081.000	41	31.413.000	43	32.745.000	45	34.077.000	205	154.956.000	
White Linen Fabric Material	meter	9.000	11.227	101.039.400	16.840	151.559.100	18.524	166.724.460	19.366	174.302.415	20.208	181.880.370	21.050	189.458.325	95.987	964.964.070	
Green Linen Fabric Material	meter	9.000	1.792	16.128.000	2.688	24.192.000	2.957	26.620.650	3.091	27.830.250	3.226	29.039.850	3.360	30.249.450	15.322	154.060.200	
Colored Linen Fabric Material	meter	9.000	1.680	15.120.000	2.520	22.680.000	2.772	24.957.450	2.898	26.091.450	3.024	27.225.450	3.150	28.359.450	14.364	144.433.800	
Total				132.287.400		298.391.100		330.915.060		345.834.615		360.754.170		375.673.725		1.843.856.070	

Figure 6. Material Costs Baku

In running the company's operational activities, it is important to predict the costs that may arise in a certain period. PT. Think Clean Laundry projects costs for the next five years, including a prediction of a 5% increase in raw material costs each year. PT. Think Clean Laundry adjusts the cost projections with inflation increases to manage cash flow effectively.

Result and Discussion

Understand the meaning, interpretation, and context of the phenomena being studied. This approach emphasizes in-depth description, understanding, and analysis that focuses on qualitative rather than quantitative aspects.

Product Design

Product design is the process of designing a product including physical and functional aspects to be sold by a business to its customers. Product design follows digital technology, namely linen equipped with RFID. RFID technology is used to make it easier for customers to calculate and minimize losses (Nugroho et al., 2023). Digital technology is used to increase the productivity of employees or members of the organization. When compared to working manually, the use of digital technology is considered more efficient and effective. The data and information produced are very accurate because they can be used for analysis and decision making quickly and precisely.

A digital culture enables members and the organizations that support them to grow, develop and innovate quickly, and adapt to meet the needs of their customers (Wahyuningtias & Nugroho, 2023). The design of linen product s is made of good, soft and thick materials accompanied by RFID technology. The material of linen is durable and not easily torn, the color does not fade quickly. The washing results are also clean and of high quality. Each linen has an RFID tag so that it makes it easier to count and minimize the loss of linen. Linen with this RFID tag is one of the technologies used to make it easier for customers to count and minimize loss. With RFID technology, it will attract customers to use linen with the chip because it makes it easier for daily operations with customers. According to Fadlilah, (2019) When technology is easy to use, users will feel more comfortable and want to use the system, in contrast to when technology is difficult to use, users will feel reluctant to use the system.

Conclussion

PT.Think Clean Laundry can operate well and develop with a well-organized system. The existence of strategic and spacious land makes it easy to adjust the flow according to applicable regulations so that related permits can be obtained. Quality management with good quality, high technology, appropriate production flow and pick Free up and delivery is the advantage of a laundry industry. The better the operational plan, the easier it will be to serve customers and create laundry quality.

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